

# THE BULLDOG BYTE

SPANGDAHLEM MIDDLE SCHOOL'S WEEKLY NEWSLETTER



## **DODEA MISSION**

**EDUCATE, ENGAGE, AND EMPOWER MILITARY-CONNECTED STUDENTS TO SUCCEED IN A DYNAMIC WORLD**

## **DODEA VISION**

**EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION FOR EVERY STUDENT, EVERY DAY, EVERYWHERE**

## **IMPORTANT LINKS**

[SPMS HOME PAGE](#)

[SPMS FB PAGE](#)

[SPMS PTSA FB PAGE](#)

[SCHOOL LIAISON FB PAGE](#)

[DODEA EUROPE FB PAGE](#)

**SPANGDAHLEM  
MIDDLE SCHOOL**

06565-61-7205

DSN: 452-7205

**SPANGDAHLEMSATTENDANCE  
@DODEA.EDU**

**PLEASE CONTACT THE SCHOOL  
REGISTRAR BY 0900 IF YOUR  
CHILD IS/WILL BE ABSENT FROM  
SCHOOL**

### **BULLDOGS B.I.T.E:**

- **B**reak through barriers
- **I**magine a Better Tomorrow
- **T**ake Care of Our Community
- **E**mpower One Another

## **Principal's Update**

It has been a fun week here at SpMS as we celebrated being drug free with Red Ribbon Week. Both our students and staff really enjoyed getting to express themselves, while committing to remaining drug free.

Parent teacher conferences will be held on November 3rd. If your student was requested by the teacher to have a conference, you have been notified. If you request additional conferences (space is limited), please notify the following teachers:

6th Grade: [Ms. Mench](#), 7th Grade: [Dr. Wiedemer](#), 8th Grade: [Ms. Santana](#)

Open house will be from 12-3pm and a chance to see our beautiful school.

We look forward to having our Bulldog Families in our school to continue to work on ways to support our students.

## **Bulldog Cares**

As we wrap up red ribbon week, we want to remind parents of the importance to talk to your kids about drugs. See the flyer for helpful tips.

## **Current Events Support**

With the recent current events, many of our military families are facing uncertainty, family dynamic challenges, and increased stress. We are aware of the special needs of our military children and want to offer additional support. Please reach out to [Nurse McCollum](#) or [Jed Weyland](#) if support is needed.

## **Healthy Bulldogs**

Another reminder that the flu vaccine is available at the [Spangdahlem Immunization Clinic](#). Please remember this is a mandated vaccine to attend school and complete as soon as possible. Email the documentation to [Nurse McCollum](#).

# Military Child of the Year

Nominations are now open for 2024 Military Child of the Year Awards. If you would like to nominate your exceptional military child, see the flyer for details.

## Halloween and Monster Bash

Next week will be our Monster Bash and Halloween at school. See the flyers for details.

## School Photos

Our school photos have been released and they look fabulous! Your student was given a QR code for easy ordering. If you are unable to locate the QR code, please email [Dr. Wiedemer](mailto:Dr.Wiedemer).

## Art Adventures

Our Art Adventure this month takes place in Paris! If you are feeling adventurous and ready to explore this grand city, see the flyer.

## Library Updates

The use of the plastics bags have been a huge success in keeping our books clean and dry. If a bag is lost, please replace it with any bag found at your local grocery store. Thank you for your part in taking care of our books.

## Spirit Wear

It's not too late to order spirit wear, but time is running out. See the flyer for the QR code.

## Important Dates

October 23-31: Red Ribbon Week/Drug Free Week

October 29: Daylight Savings Ends- set your clock back one hour

October 30: PTSA sponsored Monster Bash

October 31: Halloween Dress Up Day

November 3: Parent-Teacher Conferences, No school for students



# As we wrap up Red Ribbon Week, remember



Teen & pre-teen brains and bodies are still developing. Use of drugs or other substances puts their health and safety at risk. Their brains are particularly vulnerable to being rewired by substances that overload the reward circuits in the brain. They are at higher risk of developing an addiction and long-term health impacts (even if not addicted).

## To talk to your child about drugs:

- Ask your child's views. Avoid lectures
  - Discuss reasons not to use drugs & alcohol – such as sports performance, health, etc.
  - Talk about what they see in social media, TV, movies & songs
  - Discuss ways to resist peer pressure. Brainstorm with your child about how to turn down offers of drugs or other pressure.
  - Be ready to discuss your own use or why you didn't
- 
- Other preventive strategies:
  - Know your child's activities
  - Establish rules & consequences
  - Know your child's friends
  - Set a good example (moderation, etc.)



# Talking to Children and Teens About the Israel-Gaza War

Guidance for parents/caregivers and other caring adults



The Israel-Gaza war is distressing to all of us. Children and teens may be wondering why this violence occurred and what else will happen in the future. Like adults, they are better able to cope with upsetting news and images when they understand more about the situation. The following suggestions will help adults support children in a constructive and helpful way.

## ASK: WHAT HAVE YOU ALREADY HEARD?

Begin by asking children what they already know. Children have likely heard about the war and its potential regional and global impact. This information may come from TV, the internet, social media, school, friends, or from overhead comments among adults.

However, much of their information may not be accurate. As children explain what they know about the situation, look for misunderstandings or frightening rumors. Acknowledge confusion. You might explain that even adults do not know all that is going on—news reports can change quickly or provide conflicting viewpoints.

## RESPOND WITH HONEST REASSURANCE AND DO NOT DISCOUNT FEARS

Adults are concerned about a range of aspects of the crisis — worries about the safety and well-being of soldiers and civilians; fears that the violence may intensify and/or spread; or broader concerns about how war may create more instability in other countries and what impact it may ultimately have in our own country. Children may have some of these same concerns, but they often have very different apprehensions from adults as well. This is why it is so important that we ask children directly about their worries or concerns. We can't provide effective reassurance to people until we know what specific concerns they have. Provide honest explanations to correct misunderstandings or misinformation, but don't ignore or minimize children's fears.

Help children identify ways to cope with anxiety, sadness, and fears rather than pretend that they don't or shouldn't exist.

Children and youth understand and react differently according to their developmental age and unique personal experiences. The amount of detail that children will find useful therefore will vary. The older the child is, the more discussion will likely be needed to answer their questions and address their concerns.

Begin by providing the basic information in simple and direct terms. Explain how the war is likely to impact them and their family personally. Then ask if they have any questions. Take your cues from children to determine how much information to provide. Older children may wish to discuss the larger implications of the event, such as what impact this has on security in other countries.

Provide honest reassurance whenever possible. Emphasize that our government and other individuals and groups in the United States and elsewhere will be taking steps to help those impacted directly by the war and to keep all of us safe. Children often look for reassurance that they are now safe after such graphic reminders of violence and interpersonal conflict.

## AVOID EXPOSURE TO GRAPHIC IMAGES AND REPETITIVE MEDIA COVERAGE

While it is useful for children to know enough to feel that they understand what has occurred, it isn't helpful for children (or adults) to be exposed to graphic images, massive amounts of information, or continuous, repetitive media coverage. Such images and details are often included in coverage of war on television, radio, and print media, as well as in social media and elsewhere on the internet.



Evocative interviews of those injured in war or the families and friends of those who died or were abducted, even if they don't show any physical violence or destruction, can be very unsettling. These may trigger feelings of grief for children who have experienced the death of a friend or family member, even if unrelated to violence. Ask them to share with you if they did view any graphic images or hear graphic accounts that continue to upset them. Recommend they limit the amount of exposure to media coverage and discussion in social media. Too much exposure can be overwhelming for anyone and make it difficult to understand what it is happening and process your associated feelings. Suggest that instead they take some time away from television, computers, and phones and come together as a family and community for support.

## RECOGNIZE THAT SOME CHILDREN MAY BE AT GREATER RISK OF DISTRESS

Some children will be impacted more emotionally than others and may need greater assistance coping. Obviously, if children have family or friends in Israel or Gaza, this war will feel very personal to them, and they will identify more closely with the stress and losses experienced. Children in families who feel strong ties due to shared religious affiliations may also feel connected.

Children with no personal relationship to Israel or Gaza or its people may also be at risk of having troubling reactions. For example, children who live in communities characterized by high rates of violence may become more concerned about their own physical safety. Those who are part of communities in the US that have experienced racial or ethnic discrimination may feel an increase in distress and anger when hearing about acts of aggression and bias in Israel or Gaza. Children who have experienced poverty or food insecurity may feel anxious hearing stories of families with limited food or money for other basic necessities. Stories from the war may be triggering for children who have themselves survived wars or other trauma, or whose families have experienced refugee status. Children who have had challenges with anxiety or depression before the war are also likely to benefit from additional support at this time.

## PROVIDE THOUGHTFUL ANSWERS TO COMMON QUESTIONS

Children and teens are likely to ask a number of common questions in times of crisis and upheaval. Choose answers that provide honest information and helpful reassurance. Some examples:

*Could I have done anything to prevent this?*

Adults may be wondering if our country could have done more to prevent this war from happening. Even though it seems obvious to adults that there is nothing children could have done to prevent the war, children may feel helpless

and wish they could have changed what has happened. Let children know that this is a common reaction—we all wish that there is something we could have done. Reassure children that our country is doing all it can to respond effectively and keep us safe. Suggest steps that can help those affected (write letters, say prayers, raise funds), and encourage children to work to promote safety, tolerance, and acceptance in our own communities.

*Whose fault is it?*

It is natural to engage in thoughts of blame. In some ways, blaming is a way we feel we can regain control of uncomfortable feelings and diminish a sense of personal risk.

However, when individuals and groups take violent, aggressive action against those they deem “responsible,” or those that express sympathy for them, their actions are often misdirected and harm innocent people. They may focus on people who are easy to identify for blame—such as people who look like they might belong to a group that includes those responsible.

This misguided blame does not ease the immediate feelings of grief and fear; it can worsen and continue feelings of anger. They complicate and worsen matters when these emotions become the focus of attention rather than seeking solutions for the future. We must remember that not all citizens of Israel or Gaza are responsible for the actions of their government or groups who seek violent solutions. People in other countries who hold similar religious beliefs should not be blamed for the war, but they may become frightened if they feel wrongly accused or worry about being targeted. As Americans, we take pride that our population includes many different races, religions, sexual orientations, and ethnic backgrounds. People have the freedom to have different views and opinions as long as they respect the rights of others. This is a time to join together in our country and continue to be inclusive, accepting, and supportive of all who seek peace.

*Is this going to change my life?*

Children and teens are often very concerned about themselves. When there is a crisis, they may become even more concerned about what affects them personally. They may act immaturely. Sometimes adults see this as being selfish or uncaring.

Expect children to think more about themselves for the time being. Once they feel reassured that they are being listened to and their needs will be met, they are more likely to be able to start to think about the needs of others.

*Can I help?*

Once children start to feel safe and understand what is going on, many will want to help. Though there may be little that they can do to help the immediate victims of violence in the

Middle East, there are positive things they can do. They can start by taking care of themselves—telling you when they are upset or worried, being honest and open. They can also offer help to other members of their community—their friends and classmates, their teacher, and other adults. They can think about how they, along with other members of their community, might be able to do something helpful for the victims and survivors of the war—perhaps by working with charitable organizations as a family or school project.

## **DON'T WORRY ABOUT KNOWING THE PERFECT THING TO SAY**

Often what children and teens need most is to have someone they trust listen to their questions, accept their feelings, and be there for them. Don't worry about knowing the perfect thing to say—there is no answer that will make everything okay. Listen to their thoughts and concerns. Answer their questions with simple, direct, and honest responses. Provide appropriate reassurance and support. While we would all want to keep children from ever having to hear about the horrors of war, the ready availability of news and images of the war does not allow this.

Being silent about the war won't protect children from what happened—it will only prevent them from understanding and coping with it. Not communicating about what is happening in the war may actually increase anxiety, leading children to imagine that there are more dangerous and personally threatening events about to occur.

## **WAR IS DISTRESSING—CHILDREN MAY FEEL UPSET**

During these discussions, children may show that they are upset. They may cry, get anxious or cranky, or show you in some other way that they are struggling. Remember, it is the details about the war which are difficult to process that are upsetting them, not the discussion which aims to help them process this information.

Talking about the war will permit them the opportunity to show you how upset they really are. This is the first step in coping with their feelings and adjusting to their new understanding of the world. Pause the conversation periodically so that you can provide support and comfort. If they are quite upset, ask if they wish to continue the discussion at another time.

It is helpful for children to realize that it is okay to show you when they are upset. Otherwise, they may try to hide their feelings. They will then be left to deal with them alone. Try to be aware of your own strong personal feelings, such as of shock or anger, and how these feelings may be influencing your discussion with children. Share your own feelings and try to model positive ways you cope with them.

## **BRING THE TOPIC UP, EVEN IF CHILDREN DON'T WANT TO TALK ABOUT IT**

When a major world crisis of this magnitude occurs, it is helpful to bring the topic up with children, even if they are quite young. At first, older children and teens may tell you that they don't want to or need to discuss it. It is generally not a good idea to force them to talk with you; keep the door open for them to come back and discuss it later. Let them know you are available when they are ready to talk and let them choose the time.

The war is evolving over time. So will children's questions and feelings. You do not need to cover the topic in one long conversation. Recognize this will likely be the first of multiple conversations you will continue over time.

## **SEEK FURTHER SUPPORT FOR CHILDREN WHEN THEY NEED IT**

When a war results in this amount of death, destruction, and disruption, it is natural to be upset. However, if children continue to be very upset for several days or have persistent nightmares, seem unable to cope with their fears, or are having trouble in school, at home or with their friends, it is a good idea to speak with someone outside the family for advice. The war may have triggered other distressing experiences, worries, or concerns. You may wish to speak with a teacher or school counselor, pediatrician, mental health professional or member of the clergy for advice. Please remember that you don't need to wait until you think they need counseling. Take advantage of counseling and support whenever you think it will be helpful.

## **FIND MORE ANSWERS**

For more resources, visit [SchoolCrisisCenter.org](https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org), the website of the [National Center for School Crisis and Bereavement \(NCSCB\)](https://www.ncscb.org).

For information on how to support children who are grieving, visit [GrievingStudents.org](https://www.grievingstudents.org), the website of the [Coalition to Support Grieving Students](https://www.coalitionto.org).

*Prepared October 12, 2023*



# Help us find the next **MILITARY CHILD OF THE YEAR<sup>®</sup> AWARD RECIPIENTS!**

## MILITARY CHILD OF THE YEAR<sup>®</sup> AWARDS- FAST FACTS

**WHAT:** The Military Child of the Year<sup>®</sup> (MCOY) Awards celebrate and recognize the tremendous achievements of outstanding military children.

**WHO:** Each year, hundreds of military teens (ages 13-18) are nominated by a parent, teacher, mentor or guardian. Candidates for the MCOY Awards demonstrate resilience, strength of character, and the ability to thrive in the face of the challenges of military life.

**WHEN:** The Awards Gala will be held in Washington, D.C. on April 11, 2024 during the Month of the Military Child.

**WINNERS:** MCOY winners receive a \$10,000 cash award, a laptop computer, and are flown with a parent or guardian for a 3-night stay in Washington, D.C.



## NOMINATIONS ACCEPTED SEPTEMBER 6- DECEMBER 3, 2023



For more information, scan the QR code or visit  
**MILITARYCHILDOFTHEYEAR.ORG**





SPANGDAHLEM MIDDLE SCHOOL

OCTOBER 31ST

# HALLOWEEN AT SCHOOL!

## GET YOUR COSTUMES READY

*Costumes must comply with DoDEA dress code*

*No full-face covering masks or full-face makeup*

*Hats are allowed*

*No weapons (or anything that could become a weapon)*

*SpMS is not responsible for any missing or damaged costume parts*





THE SPMS PTSA INVITES YOU:

# MONSTER BASH

JOIN US FOR A NIGHT OF DANCING,  
PRIZES, PIZZA, AND COSTUME CONTEST

OCTOBER 30, 2023

5:30 - 7:30 PM

SPMS COMMONS

ADMISSION: \$10 AT THE DOOR.

FREE FOR PTSA MEMBERS



FOLLOW QR CODE TO RSVP AND EARN A CHANCE AT EXTRA PRIZES

# Art Adventure #3



I hope you had a wonderful time at Himmerod Abbey in the month of October with the wonderful weather! For your next Art Adventure, you will need to head to Paris. I know that seeing the Mona Lisa is on everyone's bucket list, but *my* favorite museum is in Paris, and it's not the Louvre. I believe art enriches the human experience and I want to share these incredible art experiences with you. Let's go to Paris!

## Your November adventure is at the Musée d'Orsay in Paris!

In the Musée d'Orsay you will enjoy one of the largest collections of Impressionist and post-Impressionist art in the world! The building used to be a railway station, and it is a work of art in itself! Don't miss the famous clock face, which is part of the museum's exhibition where you can look out on the Seine.



In addition to the permanent collections, there is a special exhibit until February 4. It will include work by Vincent van Gogh in the last 2 months of his life. It will include 40 paintings and 20 drawings!



*Blue Water Lilies* by Claude Monet



*Dance at Le Moulin De La Galette* by Pierre-August Renoir

Helpful website:

[Musée d'Orsay \(musee-orsay.fr\)](http://musee-orsay.fr)



# ***SPIRIT WEAR***

- ✓ ***T SHIRTS***
- ✓ ***HOODIES***
- ✓ ***BASEBALL TEES***



***SHOP NOW THROUGH NOVEMBER 3RD***





# FALL BACK



**SUNDAY, OCT 29 @ 3:00 AM**



Set your clock back  
one hour



# Spangdahlem Middle & High School

WEEK 2

BREAKFAST	LUNCH ENTRÉES	LUNCH SIDES
	Monday October 30	
* Ham & Cheese Biscuit	Chicken Mini Nuggets	Honey Glazed Carrots
** Cereal Assorted	w/Honey Mustard	Green Apple Slaw
Fruit	* Sausage & Egg Biscuit	Choice of Fruit
Choice of Juice		
Choice of Milk	Broccoli-Cheese Soup w/Veggie Wrap (V)	Choice of Milk

BREAKFAST	LUNCH ENTRÉES	LUNCH SIDES
	Tuesday October 31	
Pancakes w/Syrup	Cheesy Breadsticks w/Marinara (V)	Baked Beans (V)
Scrambled Eggs		Fresh Broccoli Bites
Fruit	Meatball Sub	Choice of Fruit
Choice of Juice		
Choice of Milk	Pineapple Grilled Chicken w/Brown Rice	Choice of Milk

BREAKFAST	LUNCH ENTRÉES	LUNCH SIDES
	Wednesday November 01	
* American Breakfast w/Sausage	Hamburger OR Cheeseburger	Italian Green Beans
** Cereal Assorted		Dark Green Side Salad
Fruit	Cheese Nachos (V)	Choice of Fruit
Choice of Juice		
Choice of Milk	Cold Italian Pasta Salad	Choice of Milk

BREAKFAST	LUNCH ENTRÉES	LUNCH SIDES
	Thursday November 02	
* Breakfast Taco	BBQ Pulled Pork Sandwich	Seasoned Green Peas
** Cereal Assorted	Mini Chicken Corn Dogs	Cherry Tomato Dippers
Fruit	Salisbury Steak w/Brown Gravy	Choice of Fruit
Choice of Juice		
Choice of Milk	Market Salad w/Pretzel Bites (V)	Choice of Milk

BREAKFAST	Friday November 03	LUNCH SIDES
	NO SCHOOL	
	P/T CONFERENCES	

\*\* Item may contain Pork  
\*Pork Free Menu Item

~~~ Menu Subject to change based on product availability ~~~

~~~ This institution is an equal opportunity provider ~~~